Geoscience in Michigan

WHAT IS GEOSCIENCE?

Geoscience is the study of the Earth and the complex geologic, marine, atmospheric, and hydrologic processes that sustain life and the economy. Understanding the Earth’s surface and subsurface, its resources, history, and hazards allows us to develop solutions to critical economic, environmental, health, and safety challenges.

By the numbers: MICHIGAN

- 9,569 geoscience employees (excludes self-employed)\(^1\)
- 767 million gallons/day: total groundwater withdrawal\(^3\)
- $2.45 billion: value of nonfuel mineral production in 2017\(^4\)
- 36 total disaster declarations, including 11 flood, 8 severe storm, and 6 tornado disasters (1953-2017)\(^6\)
- $11.8 million: NSF GEO grants awarded in 2017\(^14\)

ENERGY AND MINERALS IN MICHIGAN

- $2.45 billion: value of nonfuel mineral production in 2017\(^4\)
- Iron ore, portland cement, sand and gravel (construction): top three nonfuel minerals in order of value produced in 2017\(^4\)
- 5.07 million megawatt hours: wind produced in 2017\(^5\)
- 1.61 million megawatt hours: hydroelectricity produced in 2017\(^5\)
- 5.43 million barrels: crude oil produced in 2017\(^5\)

WATER USE IN MICHIGAN

- 767 million gallons/day: total groundwater withdrawal\(^3\)
- 9.29 billion gallons/day: total surface water withdrawal\(^3\)
- 1.03 billion gallons/day: public supply water withdrawal\(^3\)
- 332 million gallons/day: water withdrawal for irrigation\(^3\)
- 518 million gallons/day: industrial fresh water withdrawal\(^3\)
- 74% of the population is served by public water supplies\(^3\)

NATURAL HAZARDS IN MICHIGAN

- 36 total disaster declarations, including 11 flood, 8 severe storm, and 6 tornado disasters (1953-2017)\(^6\)
- $157 million: individual assistance grants (2005-2017)\(^6\)
- $63 million: mitigation grants (2005-2017)\(^6\)
- $491 million: preparedness grants (2005-2017)\(^6\)
- $36 million: public assistance grants (2005-2017)\(^6\)
- 31 weather and/or climate events, each with costs exceeding $1 billion (inflation adjusted) (1980-2017)\(^7\)

\(^3\) U.S. Geological Survey, Estimated Use of Water in the United States in 2015
\(^4\) U.S. Geological Survey, Mineral Commodity Summaries 2018
\(^5\) U.S. Energy Information Administration
\(^6\) FEMA Data Visualization: Summary of Disaster Declarations and Grants (accessed May 2, 2018)
\(^7\) NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information, U.S. Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters from 1980 to 2018 (accessed April 6, 2018)
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY (USGS)

- $1.15 billion: total USGS budget in FY 2018 (5.8% increase from FY 2017)\(^8\)
- The National Cooperative Geologic Mapping Program funds geologic mapping projects with federal (FEDMAP), state (STATEMAP), and university (EDMAP) partners
- $1.11 million: Michigan STATEMAP funding (1993-2016)\(^9\)
- 7 Michigan universities, including recent recipients Michigan Tech, Wayne State, Western Michigan University, and Michigan State University, have participated in EDMAP\(^9\)
- USGS streamgages collect real-time or recent streamflow, groundwater, and water-quality data throughout Michigan

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA)

- $20.7 billion: total NASA budget in FY 2018 (5.5% increase from FY 2017)\(^10\)
- $1.9 billion: total NASA Earth Science budget in FY 2018 (0% change from FY 2017)\(^10\)
- Gravity Recovery and Climate Experiment (GRACE) satellites measure groundwater changes in Michigan
- Soil Moisture Active Passive (SMAP) satellite measures soil moisture in Michigan

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION (NOAA)

- $5.9 billion: total NOAA budget in FY 2018 (4.1% increase from FY 2017)\(^11\)
- Next-generation geostationary (GOES) and polar orbiting (JPSS) satellites provide weather forecasting for Michigan
- Deep Space Climate Observatory (DISCOVR) satellite monitors radiation and air quality over Michigan
- 27 National Weather Service Automated Surface Observing Systems (ASOS) stations in Michigan\(^12\)
- 265 National Weather Service Cooperative Observer Program (COOP) sites in Michigan\(^12\)

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION (NSF)

- $7.8 billion: total NSF budget in FY 2018 (4% increase from FY 2017)\(^13\)
- $1.4 billion: total NSF Geosciences Directorate (GEO) awards in FY 2017 (7.2% increase from FY 2016)\(^14\)
- 55 NSF GEO awards in Michigan totaling $11.8 million in 2017, including $8.6 million to the University of Michigan Ann Arbor\(^14\)

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA)

- $8.1 billion: total EPA budget in FY 2018 (0% change from FY 2017)\(^15\)
- 65 active Superfund sites in Michigan in 2018\(^16\)
- $125.7 million: Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) grants in Michigan in 2017\(^17\)
- $200,000: Brownfield cleanup grants awarded to Michigan in 2018\(^18\)

FEDERAL FACILITIES IN MICHIGAN

- USGS Great Lakes Science Center, Ann Arbor
- NSF National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory, East Lansing
- NOAA Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory, Ann Arbor

YOUR STATE SOURCE FOR GEOSCIENCE INFORMATION

Michigan Geological Survey
Western Michigan University
1903 W. Michigan Ave
Kalamazoo, MI 49008-5241
http://wmich.edu/geologysurvey
269-387-8649

\(^{13}\) U.S. House of Representatives, FY 2018 Omnibus Spending Bill (Division B) – Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2018
\(^{14}\) National Science Foundation, Budget Information System
\(^{15}\) U.S. House of Representatives, FY 2018 Omnibus Spending Bill (Division G) – Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2018
\(^{16}\) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Superfund Sites
\(^{17}\) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Drinking Water State Revolving Fund National Information Management System Reports
\(^{18}\) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Brownfields and Land Revitalization, Brownfields Grant Fact Sheet Search